

**U.G. 6th Semester Examination - 2020****MATHEMATICS****Course Code : BMTMDSHT6****Course Title : Point Set Topology**

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.**Notations and symbols have their usual meanings.*

1. Answer any **ten** questions: 1×10=10
- Define a countable set.
  - State Schroeder-Bernstein theorem.
  - State Zorns lemma.
  - Define the subspace topology.
  - Is it possible to construct a topology on every set?
  - Give an example of open set in  $\mathbb{R}$  with usual topology, which is not an open interval.

- Let  $\tau$  be a cofinite topology on  $\mathbb{N}$ . Then write any three element of  $\tau$ .
  - Let  $(\mathbb{Z}, \tau)$  be a cofinite topological spaces. Is  $B = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 100\}$  closed in  $\tau$ ?
  - Write the closure of the set  $S = \left\{1 + \frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N}\right\}$  in usual topology on  $\mathbb{R}$ .
  - Define component of a topological space  $X$ .
  - Give an example of path component which is not closed.
  - State Baire category theorem.
  - Give the definition of a quotient topology.
  - State when a topological space is said to be compact.
  - State Ascoli-Arzela theorem.
2. Answer any **five** questions: 2×5=10
- Show that if  $\mathcal{A}$  is closed in  $Y$  and  $Y$  is closed in  $X$ , then  $\mathcal{A}$  is closed in  $X$ .
  - Define basis for a topology on  $X$ .
  - Show that if a topological space is  $T_1$  then every point set of the space is closed.

- d) Either prove or disprove: Real numbers with co-countable topology is  $T_2$ .
- e) Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be topological spaces. Give the definition of the product topology on  $X \times Y$ .
- f) What do you mean by locally compact space?
- g) Show that the components of open subsets of the real line are open intervals.
- h) Prove that the interval  $(0, 1]$  is not compact.
3. Answer any **two** questions:  $5 \times 2 = 10$
- a) Let  $A$  be a subset of a topological space  $X$ . Prove that  $x \in \bar{A}$  if and only if every open set  $U$  containing  $x$  intersects  $A$ .  $5$
- b) Define a Hausdorff space. Show that every finite set in a Hausdorff space is closed.  $1+4$
- c) Prove that a space  $(X, \tau)$  is connected if and only if no continuous function on  $X$  into the discrete two point space  $\{0, 1\}$  is surjective.
4. a) i) Prove that a countable union of countable sets is countable.
- ii) In a topological space  $(X, \tau)$ , show that a non-empty set  $U (\subseteq X)$  is open in  $X$  if and only if it is the neighbourhood of each of its points.  $5+5$
- b) i) Prove that a function  $f$  from a topological space  $X$  to a topological space  $Y$  is continuous if and only if  $f(\bar{A}) \subseteq \overline{f(A)}$  for every subset  $A$  of  $X$ .
- ii) Either prove or disprove:  $[0, 1) \cup (1, 2)$  is homeomorphic to  $(-\infty, -3) \cup [0, \infty)$ .  $5+5$
- c) i) Define path connected space.
- ii) Show that every path connected space is connected but the converse may not be true.
- iii) Show that closure of a connected subspace of a topological space is also connected.  $2+4+4$